

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as they currently stand so that they are in accord with the following listing of the claims:

1. (currently amended) A cardiac pacemaker arrangement comprising:
 - at least one floating atrial electrode;
 - an atrial wall electrode; and
 - at least one circuit adapted to:
 - evaluate atrial signals perceived by said electrodes, and
 - switch over from a first mode, for effecting atrial myocardium stimulation by ~~means of~~ said atrial wall electrode, to a second mode, for effecting atrial myocardium stimulation by ~~means of~~ said at least one floating atrial electrode, upon perceiving atrial signals that are evaluated as being high-frequency irregularities such as auricular fibrillation or atrial tachycardias as on the basis of inadmissibly high signal frequencies.
2. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 1 wherein stimulation is effected by ~~means of~~ the floating atrial electrode at high frequency, ~~such as~~ with a cycle length of between about 30 and 100 ms.
3. (previously presented) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 1 wherein there are provided two or more floating electrodes.
- 4.-5. (cancelled)
6. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 1 wherein the floating electrode ~~is associated~~ performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.
7. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 1 wherein the wall-located electrode ~~is associated~~ performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.
8. (currently amended) A method of controlling a cardiac pacemaker, said method comprising:

perceiving atrial signals by means of an atrial wall electrode and/or an atrial floating electrode arranged in an atrium of a heart;

evaluating said perceived atrial signals in a circuit of the cardiac pacemaker; and

said circuit switching over from a first mode, for triggering stimulation of a myocardium of the heart by means of said atrial wall electrode, to a second mode, for triggering stimulation of said myocardium of the heart by means of said atrial floating electrode, when said evaluated atrial signals include high-frequency irregularities due to tachycardias or auricular fibrillation.

9. (previously presented) The method as set forth in claim 8 wherein the circuit evaluates atrial signals as tachycardias or auricular fibrillation if the signal frequency is about 150 Hz or higher.

10. (currently amended) The method as set forth in claim 8 wherein stimulation is effected by means of the floating electrode at a high frequency such as with a cycle length of between about 30 and 100 ms.

11. (previously presented) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 2 wherein there are provided two or more floating electrodes.

12.-16. (cancelled)

17. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 2 wherein the floating electrode is associated performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.

18. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 3 wherein the floating electrodes are associated perform as sensors with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.

19.-20. (cancelled)

21. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 2 wherein the wall-located electrode is associated performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.

22. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 3 wherein the wall-located electrode is associated performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.

23.-24. (cancelled)

25. (currently amended) The pacemaker arrangement as set forth in claim 6 wherein the wall-located electrode is associated performs as a sensor with the circuit for perceiving atrial signals.

26. (curr ently amended) The method as set forth in claim 9 wherein stimulation is effected by means of the floating electrode at a high frequency such as with a cycle length of between about 30 and 100 ms.